TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



CPAs | CONSULTANTS | WEALTH ADVISORS

CLAconnect.com

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	13
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	15
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	17
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TOTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	18
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	19
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	20
STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUND	21
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION — PROPRIETARY FUND	23
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS — PROPRIETARY FUND	24
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION — FIDUCIARY FUNDS	26
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION — FIDUCIARY FUNDS	27
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	28
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE — GENERAL FUND — BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)	69
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE — COMMUNITY PRESERVATION FUND — BUDGET AND	
ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)	71

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM	73
SCHEDULE OF TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS – ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM	74
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	75
SCHEDULE OF TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN	76
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN	77
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	78



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Select Board Town of Hamilton, Massachusetts

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the discretely presented component unit of the Town of Hamilton, Massachusetts (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the discretely presented component unit of the Town, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and certain pension and other postemployment benefits information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2025, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Andover, Massachusetts January 14, 2025

As management of the Town of Hamilton, Massachusetts (the Town), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$31,382,574 (net position). The Town had an unrestricted deficit at the end of the current fiscal year totaling \$1,477,013.
- The Town's total net position increased by \$4,936,553 in the current fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund totaled \$7,318,953, or 18.37% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.

• The Town's total bonded long-term debt increased by \$6,127,829 during the fiscal year. The Town issued \$6,640,000 of new long-term bonds during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements, which consists of the following three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, etc.).

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, education, public works, health and human services, culture and recreation and debt service (interest). Business-type activities include the water operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into the following categories and are described below:

- 1. Governmental funds
- 2. Proprietary funds
- 3. Fiduciary funds

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balance of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains 123 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, American Rescue Plan Act (special revenue) fund, town hall renovation fund (capital project), and community preservation (special revenue) fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 119 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled nonmajor governmental funds.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds. The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its operations.

The water enterprise fund is considered to be a major fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 25 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

The other postemployment benefits trust fund and private-purpose trust funds are reported and combined into a single, aggregate presentation in the fiduciary funds financial statements under the captions "other postemployment benefits trust fund" and "private purpose trust funds", respectively.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 27 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28-68 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Presented in this information is the budget comparison for the general fund and community preservation fund and certain pension and other postemployment benefits information, which can be located on pages 69 through 79 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following tables present current and prior year data on the government-wide financial statements.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$31,382,574 at the close of the fiscal year and are summarized as follows:

		Governmen	nental Activities			Business-Ty	/pe A	Activities	Total				
	-	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Assets													
Current Assets	\$	26,040,890	\$	21,398,490	\$	3,153,490	\$	2,150,250	\$	29,194,380	\$	23,548,740	
Noncurrent Assets (Excluding													
Capital Assets)		1,259,984		1,266,551		-		-		1,259,984		1,266,551	
Capital Assets (Net)		22,832,688		20,911,672		15,636,529		15,475,347		38,469,217		36,387,019	
Total Assets		50,133,562		43,576,713		18,790,019		17,625,597		68,923,581		61,202,310	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,748,740		2,858,671		629,666		154,608		2,378,406		3,013,279	
Liabilities													
Current Liabilities													
(Excluding Debt)		2,506,413		2,616,325		404,162		159,824		2,910,575		2,776,149	
Noncurrent Liabilities													
(Excluding Debt)		15,086,124		17,349,283		1,206,449		910,654		16,292,573		18,259,937	
Current Debt		857,629		1,080,528		766,434		2,718,075		1,624,063		3,798,603	
Noncurrent Debt		6,332,286		2,748,703		8,649,129		6,598,110		14,981,415		9,346,813	
Total Liabilities		24,782,452		23,794,839		11,026,174		10,386,663		35,808,626		34,181,502	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,796,355		3,449,382		314,432		138,684		4,110,787		3,588,066	
Net Position													
Net Investment in Capital Assets		21,824,415		18,424,978		6,521,949		6,175,240		28,346,364		24,600,218	
Restricted		4,513,223		4,458,162		-		-		4,513,223		4,458,162	
Unrestricted		(3,034,143)		(3,691,977)		1,557,130		1,079,618		(1,477,013)		(2,612,359)	
Total Net Position	\$	23,303,495	\$	19,191,163	\$	8,079,079	\$	7,254,858	\$	31,382,574	\$	26,446,021	

The largest portion of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, intangible assets, construction in progress, improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, library books, software, and infrastructure); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The Town has no unrestricted net position available for the support of governmental activities. Such resources have been consumed with the recognition of net pension and other postretirement benefit liabilities. The Town has \$1,557,130 that may be used to support business-type activities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Changes in Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Town's total net position increased by \$4,936,553, compared to an increase of \$3,652,561 in the prior fiscal year. These amounts are summarized as follows:

		Governmer	ntal A	ctivities		Business-Ty	/pe Ac	tivities		Total			
		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Revenues													
Program Revenues:													
Charges for Services	\$	2,239,523	\$	1,955,787	\$	2,519,149	\$	2,207,120	\$	4,758,672	\$	4,162,907	
Operating Grants and													
Contributions		1,768,045		2,048,432		35,819		22,699		1,803,864		2,071,131	
Capital Grants and Contributions		738,567		609,808		519,519		951,444		1,258,086		1,561,252	
General Revenues:													
Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes		33,715,029		32,723,337		-		-		33,715,029		32,723,337	
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise													
Taxes		1,386,894		1,296,017		-		-		1,386,894		1,296,017	
Meals Tax		78,702		78,178		-		-		78,702		78,178	
Penalties and Interest on Taxes		93,762		100,605		-		-		93,762		100,605	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		71,972		20,963		-		-		71,972		20,963	
Community Preservation													
Surcharges		583,093		555,575		-		-		583,093		555,575	
Grants and Contributions not													
Restricted to Specific Programs		1,041,501		990,447		-		-		1,041,501		990,447	
Unrestricted Investment Income		877,637		496,571		-		-		877,637		496,571	
Total Revenues		42,594,725		40,875,720		3,074,487		3,181,263		45,669,212		44,056,983	
Expenses													
General Government		3.123.277		3,154,145				_		3.123.277		3.154.145	
Public Safety		5,339,701		5,458,820				_		5,339,701		5,458,820	
Education		23,443,863		22,567,014				_		23,443,863		22,567,014	
Public Works		3,471,631		4,050,548				_		3,471,631		4,050,548	
Health and Human Services		892,952		1,017,413				_		892,952		1,017,413	
Culture and Recreation		2,433,540		2,548,686						2,433,540		2,548,686	
Hamilton Development Corporation		58,000		55,000				_		58,000		55,000	
Debt Service - Interest		176,742		64,830				_		176,742		64,830	
Water		110,142		04,000		1,792,953		1,487,966		1,792,953		1,487,966	
Total Expenses		38,939,706		38,916,456		1,792,953		1,487,966		40,732,659		40,404,422	
		50,555,700		30,310,430		1,732,333		1,407,300		40,732,033		40,404,422	
Change in Net Position Before													
Transfers		3,655,019		1,959,264		1,281,534		1,693,297		4,936,553		3,652,561	
Transfers, Net		457,313		384,393		(457,313)		(384,393)		-		-	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		4,112,332		2,343,657		824,221		1,308,904		4,936,553		3,652,561	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		19,191,163		16,847,506		7,254,858		5,945,954		26,446,021		22,793,460	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	23,303,495	\$	19,191,163	\$	8,079,079	\$	7,254,858	\$	31,382,574	\$	26,446,021	
	-	,,	Ť.	2, 22 ., 200	<u> </u>	2,22 2,270	<u> </u>	.,,	÷		<u> </u>	-,,	

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$4,112,332. In the prior year, governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,343,657. The year to year change was primarily due to increases in real estate and personal property taxes as well as an increase in unrestricted investment income.

Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$824,221. In the prior year, business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$1,308,904. The key element of this change was the prior year capital contribution from the American Rescue Plan Act coronavirus relief funds for the water treatment plant improvements.

Fund Financial Statement Analysis

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balance of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance totaling \$23,156,013, an increase of \$5,138,536 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$7,257,000 represents unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance includes the following constraints:

- Nonspendable (\$336,908)
- Restricted (\$10,513,294)
- Committed (\$5,022,139)
- Assigned (\$26,522)

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund totaled \$7,318,953, while total fund balance was \$12,367,614. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.37% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 31.03% of that same amount.

The balance of the Town's general fund decreased by \$718,447 during fiscal year 2024. The Town recognized a budgetary surplus of approximately \$3,390,000 (excluding encumbrances and continuing appropriations) and utilized approximately \$3,775,000 of reserves to fund appropriations during fiscal year 2024.

Financial highlights of the Town's other major governmental funds are as follows:

The fund balance of the community preservation fund (special revenue) increased by \$174,988 during the current fiscal year. The fund recognized \$579,965 in surcharges, \$117,032 in intergovernmental revenue, and \$94,624 of investment income. Expenditures of \$116,633 were incurred during the fiscal year, and the Town transferred \$500,000 to fund the town hall renovation project fund.

The fund balance of the American Rescue Plan Act fund (special revenue) remained unchanged from the prior fiscal year. The fund recognized \$452,105 of intergovernmental revenues and incurred expenditures of \$452,105 during the fiscal year.

The fund balance of the town hall renovation fund (capital project) increased by \$6,670,891 from the prior fiscal year. The fund incurred expenditures of \$270,321 during the fiscal year. The fund received \$4,441,212 of proceeds and premiums on bonds and notes as well as \$2,500,000 of transfers in during the fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds

The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water enterprise fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,557,130. The water fund had an increase in net position for the year of \$824,221. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original general fund budget totaled \$39,394,809. The original budget increased by \$2,000,000 at the November 2023 Special Town Meeting to fund the town hall renovation project with free cash.

During the year, general fund revenues exceeded budgetary estimates and expenditures and encumbrances and continuing appropriations were less than budgetary estimates, resulting in a positive budget to actual variance of approximately \$1,867,000. Encumbrances and continuing appropriations totaled \$1,522,595 at year-end.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$38,469,217 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, intangible assets (including intangible, right-to-use lease assets), improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, library books, software, infrastructure and construction in progress. The total increase in the investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year totaled \$2,082,198 or 5.72%.

Major capital asset events that occurred during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Fuel tank replacement (\$638,000)
- Various road improvements (\$1,938,000)
- Various water infrastructure improvements (\$767,000)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The following table summarizes the Town's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):

	Governmer	ital A	al Activities Business-Type Activities					Total				
	 2024		2023		2024		2023	2024			2023	
Land	\$ 2,373,848	\$	2,373,848	\$	283,912	\$	283,912	\$	2,657,760	\$	2,657,760	
Intangible Assets	2,123,996		2,218,717		89,877		-		2,213,873		2,218,717	
Land Improvements	2,829,403		2,892,733		-		-		2,829,403		2,892,733	
Buildings	6,169,221		6,499,705		3,867,823		4,970,712		10,037,044		11,470,417	
Machinery and Equipment	1,168,059		316,474		506		1,526		1,168,565		318,000	
Vehicles	760,620		838,966		33,918		40,085		794,538		879,051	
Infrastructure	6,376,332		4,679,401		11,299,397		10,017,791		17,675,729		14,697,192	
Construction in Progress	1,031,209		1,091,828		61,096		161,321		1,092,305		1,253,149	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 22,832,688	\$	20,911,672	\$	15,636,529	\$	15,475,347	\$	38,469,217	\$	36,387,019	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, total bonded debt outstanding was \$16,605,478, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town and consists entirely of general obligation bonds.

The Town's total bonded debt increased by \$6,127,829 during the current fiscal year. The Town issued \$6,640,000 of new long-term debt during the fiscal year.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The development of the fiscal year 2025 general fund operating budget was influenced by limitations on the property tax levy imposed by Proposition 2 ½ as well as increases in expenses. In addition, the Town's expense for pension benefits is dependent upon an actuarial valuation by the Essex County Retirement System. The fiscal year 2025 pension benefit appropriation increased 20.7% from fiscal year 2024.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Town Hall, 577 Bay Road, Hamilton, Massachusetts 01936.

This page intentionally left blank

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

		F	Prima	ary Governmer	nt		Co	omponent Unit		
	G	overnmental Activities	Bu	isiness-Type Activities		Total	Har Devel al <u>Corp</u>			
ASSETS										
Current Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,384,437	\$	1,914,406	\$	11,298,843	\$	572,477		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		10,711,345		633,532		11,344,877		-		
Investments		3,747,170		-		3,747,170		-		
Restricted Investments		804,075		-		804,075		-		
Receivables:										
Real Estate and Personal Property										
Taxes		434,459		-		434,459		-		
Tax and Utility Liens		105,525		12,992		118,517		-		
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes		137,232		-		137,232		-		
Community Preservation Surcharges		6,655		-		6,655		-		
Water Charges		-		592,560		592,560		-		
Departmental and Other		37,974		-		37,974		-		
Intergovernmental		648,901		-		648,901		-		
Lease		23,117		-		23,117		-		
Total Current Assets		26,040,890		3,153,490		29,194,380		572,477		
Noncurrent Assets:										
Receivables:										
Real Estate Tax Deferrals		23,904		-		23,904		-		
Lease		877,130		-		877,130		-		
Tax Foreclosures		358,950		-		358,950		-		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		5,155,057		345,008		5,500,065		-		
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated										
Depreciation and amortization		17,677,631		15,291,521		32,969,152		-		
Total Noncurrent Assets		24,092,672		15,636,529		39,729,201		-		
Total Assets		50,133,562		18,790,019		68,923,581		572,477		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Related to OPEB		531,298		569,624		1,100,922		-		
Related to Pensions		1,217,442		60,042		1,277,484		-		
Total Deferred Outflows of		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
Resources		1,748,740		629,666		2,378,406		-		

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

		F	Prima	ry Governmei	nt		C	omponent Unit
	G	overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities		Total	De	Hamilton velopment orporation
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	930,287	\$	269,659	\$	1,199,946	\$	3,447
Accrued Payroll		309,100		12,621		321,721		-
Other Liabilities		25,825		-		25,825		1,822
Accrued Interest		88,619		79,282		167,901		-
Unearned Revenue		759,808		-		759,808		-
Lease Liability		101,372		41,436		142,808		-
Advance Deposits		245,115		-		245,115		-
Compensated Absences		46,287		1,164		47,451		-
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable		857,629		766,434		1,624,063		-
Total Current Liabilities		3,364,042		1,170,596		4,534,638		5,269
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Lease Liability		227,496		43,900		271,396		-
Compensated Absences		416,587		10,478		427,065		-
Net OPEB Liability		3,627,375		618,714		4,246,089		-
Net Pension Liability		10,814,666		533,357		11,348,023		-
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable		6,332,286		8,649,129		14,981,415		-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		21,418,410		9,855,578		31,273,988		-
Total Liabilities		24,782,452		11,026,174		35,808,626		5,269
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Related to OPEB		2,067,308		270,914		2,338,222		-
Related to Pensions		882,388		43,518		925,906		-
Related to Lease		846,659		-		846,659		-
Total Deferred Inflows of								
Resources		3,796,355		314,432		4,110,787		-
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		21,824,415		6,521,949		28,346,364		-
Restricted for:								
Community Preservation		2,194,019		-		2,194,019		-
Affordable Housing		317,987		-		317,987		-
Permanent Funds:								
Expendable		346,486		-		346,486		-
Nonexpendable		336,908		-		336,908		-
Other Specific Purposes		1,317,823		-		1,317,823		-
Unrestricted		(3,034,143)		1,557,130		(1,477,013)		567,208
Total Net Position	\$	23,303,495	\$	8,079,079	\$	31,382,574	\$	567,208

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				Prog	ram Revenues	5		
		C	Charges for		Operating Grants and	(Capital Grants and	Net Revenue/
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	С	ontributions	 (Expense)
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 3,123,277	\$	470,512	\$	113,114	\$	-	\$ (2,539,651)
Public Safety	5,339,701		847,540		256,905		-	(4,235,256)
Education	23,443,863		-		-		-	(23,443,863)
Public Works	3,471,631		114,673		514,988		738,567	(2,103,403)
Health and Human Services	892,952		63,261		451,952		-	(377,739)
Culture and Recreation	2,433,540		743,537		431,086		-	(1,258,917)
Hamilton Development Corporation	58,000		-		-		-	(58,000)
Debt Service-Interest	176,742		-		-		-	(176,742)
Total Governmental Activities	 38,939,706		2,239,523		1,768,045		738,567	 (34,193,571)
Business-Type Activities:								
Water	 1,792,953		2,519,149		35,819		519,519	 1,281,534
Total Primary Government	\$ 40,732,659	\$	4,758,672	\$	1,803,864	\$	1,258,086	\$ (32,912,037)
COMPONENT UNITS								
Hamilton Development Corporation	\$ 29,327	\$	-	\$	58,000	\$	-	\$ 28,673

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Primary Governmen	t	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit
CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
Net (Expense) Revenue (from Previous Page)	\$ (34,193,571)	\$ 1,281,534	\$ (32,912,037)	\$ 28,673
GENERAL REVENUES				
Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes	33,715,029	-	33,715,029	-
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes	1,386,894	-	1,386,894	-
Meals Tax	78,702	-	78,702	-
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	93,762	-	93,762	-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	71,972	-	71,972	-
Community Preservation Surcharges	583,093	-	583,093	-
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to				
Specific Programs	1,041,501	-	1,041,501	-
Unrestricted Investment Income	877,637	-	877,637	564
Transfers, Net	457,313	(457,313)	-	-
Total General Revenues and Transfers	38,305,903	(457,313)	37,848,590	564
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,112,332	824,221	4,936,553	29,237
Net Position - Beginning of Year	19,191,163	7,254,858	26,446,021	537,971
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 23,303,495	\$ 8,079,079	\$ 31,382,574	\$ 567,208

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS	 General	Community reservation		American escue Plan Act		Town Hall Renovation		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 9,384,437 3,747,170	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,384,437 3,747,170
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts:	0,747,170									0,141,110
Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes	434,459	-		-		-		-		434,459
Real Estate Tax Deferrals	23,904	-		-		-		-		23,904
Tax Liens	105,525	-		-		-		-		105,525
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes	137,232	-		-		-		-		137,232
Community Preservation Surcharges	-	6,655		-		-		-		6,655
Departmental and Other	-	-		-		-		37,974		37,974
Intergovernmental	-	-		-		-		648,901		648,901
Lease Tax Foreclosures	900,247 358,950	-		-		-		-		900,247 358,950
Restricted Assets:	336,930	-		-		-		-		336,930
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	2,187,878		759,808		6,344,185		1,419,474		10,711,345
Investments	 	 		-		-		804,075		804,075
Total Assets	\$ 15,091,924	\$ 2,194,533	\$	759,808	\$	6,344,185	\$	2,910,424	\$	27,300,874
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$ 612,602	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,657	\$	316,028	\$	930,287
Accrued Payroll	255,786	514		-		-		52,800		309,100
Other Liabilities	25,825	-		-		-		-		25,825
Unearned Revenue	-	-		759,808		-		-		759,808
Advance Deposits	 -	 -		-		-		245,115		245,115
Total Liabilities	894,213	514		759,808		1,657		613,943		2,270,135
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable Revenue	983,438	6,655		-		-		37,974		1,028,067
Related to Lease	 846,659	 -		-		-		-		846,659
Total Deferred Inflows of										
Resources	1,830,097	6,655		-		1,657		37,974		1,874,726
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable	-	-		-		-		336,908		336,908
Restricted	-	2,187,364		-		6,342,528		1,983,402		10,513,294
Committed	5,022,139	-		-		-		-		5,022,139
Assigned	26,522	-		-		-		-		26,522
Unassigned	 7,318,953	 -				-		(61,803)		7,257,150
Total Fund Balance	 12,367,614	 2,187,364		-		6,342,528		2,258,507		23,156,013
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	45 004 05 1	0 101 555	•		•	0.011.15-	•		•	07 000 07 ·
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 15,091,924	\$ 2,194,533	\$	759,808	\$	6,344,185	\$	2,910,424	\$	27,300,874

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TOTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 23,156,013
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	22,832,688
Other assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	1,028,067
In the statement of net position, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds interest is not reported until due.	(88,619)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds and Notes Payable, Net Lease Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	(7,189,915) (328,868) (462,874) (10,814,666) (3,627,375)
In the statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources are reported for amounts related to pension and OPEB.	1,748,740
In the statement of net position, deferred inflows of resources are reported for amounts related to pension and OPEB.	 (2,949,696)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 23,303,495

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	General	Community Preservation	American Rescue Plan Act	Town Hall Renovation	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	Conordi	110001144011	, (01	Ronovation	1 dildo	i uluo
Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes	\$ 33,541,794	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 33,541,794
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes	1,346,955	· _	· _	· _	-	1,346,955
Meals tax	78,702	-	-		-	78,702
Tax Liens	43,137	-	-	-	-	43,137
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	71,972	-	-	-	-	71,972
Community Preservation Surcharges	,	579,965			_	579,965
Charges for Services	94,709	070,000	_	_	1,049,250	1,143,959
Intergovernmental	1,766,966	117,032	452,105	_	1,322,650	3,658,753
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	93,762	117,002	452,105		1,022,000	93,762
Licenses and Permits	481,108	-	-	-	-	481,108
Fines and Forfeitures	4,870	-	-	-	-	4,870
		-	-	-	-	
Departmental and Other	253,768	-	-	-	27,638	281,406
Contributions	-	-	-	-	44,855	44,855
Investment Income	869,652	94,624	-	-	49,863	1,014,139
Other	-	-	-	-	8,467	8,467
Total Revenues	38,647,395	791,621	452,105	-	2,502,723	42,393,844
EXPENDITURES Current:						
	0.004.004	44 400	44.000	070 004	04.054	0 000 705
General Government	2,291,931	11,133	41,686	270,321	81,654	2,696,725
Public Safety	3,717,929	-	-	-	418,311	4,136,240
Education	23,404,773	-	-	-	-	23,404,773
Public Works	3,149,045	-	410,419	-	2,045,602	5,605,066
Health and Human Services	355,699	-	-	-	193,180	548,879
Culture and Recreation	1,252,368	-	-	-	750,872	2,003,240
Hamilton Development Corporation	58,000	-	-	-	-	58,000
Pension Benefits	1,212,195	-	-	-	-	1,212,195
Employee Benefits	1,160,927	-	-	-	-	1,160,927
Property and Liability Insurance	285,990	-	-	-	-	285,990
State and County Charges	251,182	-	-	-	-	251,182
Debt Service:						
Principal	610,911	85,000	-	-	-	695,911
Interest	100,383	20,500	-	-	-	120,883
Total Expenditures	37,851,333	116,633	452,105	270,321	3,489,619	42,180,011
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	796,062	674,988	-	(270,321)	(986,896)	213,833
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds of Bonds and Notes	-	-	-	4,059,100	_	4,059,100
Premium from Issuance of Bonds and Notes	_	-	_	382,112	_	382,112
Lease Assets	26,178					26,178
Transfers In	459,313	-	-	- 2,500,000	-	2,959,313
Transfer Out	(2,000,000)	(500.000)	-	2,300,000	(2,000)	
	(2,000,000)	(500,000)			(2,000)	(2,502,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,514,509)	(500,000)	_	6,941,212	(2,000)	4,924,703
(0000)	(1,014,000)	(000,000)		0,041,212	(2,000)	4,524,100
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(718,447)	174,988	-	6,670,891	(988,896)	5,138,536
Fund Balance - Beginning, As Originally Reported	13,086,061	2,012,376	-	-	2,919,040	18,017,477
Adjustment				(328,363)	328,363	
Fund Balance - Beginning, As Adjusted	13,086,061	2,012,376		(328,363)	3,247,403	18,017,477
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,367,614	\$ 2,187,364	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 6,342,528	\$ 2,258,507	\$ 23,156,013

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS RECPONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,138,536
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. These amounts represent the related activity of the current period.	
Capital Outlays Depreciation and amortization	3,083,333 (1,162,317)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable (i.e., real estate and personal property, motor vehicle excise, etc.) differ between the two statements.	
This amount represents the net change in deferred inflows of resources.	200,879
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any impact on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities (when material). These amounts represent the related activity of the current period.	
Proceeds of Bonds and Notes Premium from Issuance of Bonds and Notes Debt and Lease Maturities Net Amortization of Bond Premiums	(4,059,100) (382,112) 695,911 32,761
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds interest is not reported until due. This amount represents the net change in accrued interest payable.	(88,619)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These amounts represent the net changes:	
Compensated Absences Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability	(51,120) 857,213 1,368,533
In the statement of activities, deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are amortized and recognized as pension and OPEB expense. This amount represents the net change in deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.	(1,109,931)
In the statement of activities, deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB are amortized and recognized as pension and OPEB expense. This amount represents the net change in deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB.	(385 457)
	 (385,457)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,112,332

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,914,406
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	633,532
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts:	
Water Charges	592,560
Water Liens	12,992
Total Current Assets	3,153,490
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	345,008
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	15,291,521
Total Noncurrent Assets	15,636,529
Total Assets	18,790,019
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to OPEB	569,624
Related to Pensions	60,042
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	629,666

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	269,659
Accrued Payroll		12,621
Accrued Interest		79,282
Lease Liability		41,436
Compensated Absences		1,164
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable		766,434
Total Current Liabilities		1,170,596
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Lease Liability		43,900
Compensated Absences		10,478
Net OPEB Liability		618,714
Net Pension Liability		533,357
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable		8,649,129
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		9,855,578
Total Liabilities		11,026,174
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to OPEB		270,914
Related to Pensions		43,518
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		314,432
		· · · ·
FUND NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,769,161
Unrestricted		1,309,918
Total Net Position	\$	8,079,079

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	1	siness-Type Activities - <u>erprise Fund</u> Water 2,509,340
Other		9,809
Total Operating Revenues		2,519,149
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Cost of Service and Administration		882,940
Depreciation and Amortization		630,292
Total Operating Expenses		1,513,232
OPERATING INCOME		1,005,917
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Intergovernmental		109,100
Investment Income		35,819
Interest Expense		(279,721)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses), Net		(134,802)
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		871,115
Capital Contributions		410,419
Transfers Out		(457,313)
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers, Net		(46,894)
CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION		824,221
Fund Net Position - Beginning of Year		7,254,858
FUND NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	8,079,079

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Vendors Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	Business-Type Activities - <u>Enterprise Fund</u> Water \$ 2,524,230 (615,208) (337,249) 1,571,773
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers Out	(457,313)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from the Issuance of Bonds and Notes Premium from the Issuance of Bonds and Notes Intergovernmental Revenues Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes Principal Payments on Leases Interest Expense Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	4,737,900 236,554 109,100 (9,398) (4,857,000) (39,109) (320,005) (141,958)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income	35,819
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,008,321
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	1,539,617
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,547,938

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢	1 005 017
Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net	\$	1,005,917
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities not Requiring Current Cash Flows:		
Depreciation and Amortization		630,292
Net Pension Liability		(125,557)
Net OPEB Liability		376,170
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions		23,542
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions		46,851
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		152,206
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB		(521,909)
Effect of Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
Water Charges		14,836
Water Liens		(9,755)
Accounts Payable		(19,466)
Accrued Payroll		(2,778)
Compensated Absences		<u>1,424</u> 565,856
Total Adjustments	¢	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,571,773
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,914,406
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		633,532
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,547,938
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital Contributions	\$	410,419
Capital-Related Accounts Payable	r	247,212
Lease Assets		124,445

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS	I	Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund		Private Purpose Trust Funds	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,281	\$	78,986	
Investments:	Ť	-,	Ŧ	,	
Equities		369,615		10,387	
Fixed Income Securities		1,096,510		36,656	
Total Assets		1,473,406		126,029	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	_	<u> </u>		967 967	
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Other Postemployment Benefits		1,473,406		-	
Private Purposes		-		125,062	
Total Fiduciary Net Position	_\$	1,473,406	\$	125,062	

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund		Private Purpose Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	378,292	\$	-
Private Donations		-		21,120
Total Contributions		378,292		21,120
Net Investment Income:				
Net (Appreciation) in Fair Value of Investments		155,094		-
Interest		-		2,537
Total Investment Income		155,094		2,537
Less: Investment Expense		(4,960)		-
Net Investment Income		150,134		2,537
Total Additions		528,426		23,657
DEDUCTIONS				
Other Postemployment Benefits		253,292		-
Other		-		16,036
Total Deductions		253,292		16,036
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		275,134		7,621
Net Position - Beginning of Year		1,198,272		117,441
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	1,473,406	\$	125,062

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General

The basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described herein.

B. Reporting Entity

The Town of Hamilton, Massachusetts (the Town) is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected Select Board (the Board).

For financial reporting purposes, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and institutions that are not legally separate from the Town.

The Town has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and/or significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the Town's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Discretely presented component units are entities that are legally separate from the Town, but the nature and/or significance of their relationship with the Town is such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town has included the Hamilton Development Corporation (the Corporation) as a discretely presented component unit because there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens on the Town.

The Corporation was established pursuant to Chapter 151 of the Acts of 2012 (Act) enacted by the Massachusetts State Legislature. The primary purpose of the Corporation, a body politic and corporate, is to improve the living standards of the citizenry of the Town by fostering the improvement of employment opportunities and develop, manage and operate public facilities and infrastructure necessary to improve the Town's economy. The Corporation is governed by a five-member board of directors appointed by the Town's Select Board. The Corporation does not issue a separate audited financial statement.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Fiduciary Component Unit

The Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund (OPEB Trust) was established to accumulate resources to provide postretirement benefits other than pensions to retirees and their beneficiaries. Chapter 32B of Massachusetts General Law assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the OPEB Trust. The Fund is presented using the accrual basis of accounting and is reported in the other postemployment benefits trust fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements. The OPEB Trust does not issue a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and related notes.

Joint Ventures

A joint venture is an organization (resulting from a contractual arrangement) that is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain an ongoing financial interest or ongoing financial responsibility. Joint control means that no single participant has the ability to unilaterally control the financial or operating policies of the joint venture.

The Town participates in several joint ventures (described below) with other municipalities to pool resources and share the costs, risks and rewards of providing goods and services to venture participants directly, or for the benefit of the general public or specified recipients.

Hamilton-Wenham Library

During fiscal year 1998, the Town entered into an agreement with the Town of Wenham (Joint Library Agreement) to construct and operate a joint public library to be operated under the direction of a Joint Board of Library Trustees. The construction project was completed during fiscal year 2002, and the Joint Library began operations during fiscal year 2002. Operating and administrative expenditures are apportioned to the Towns of Hamilton and Wenham based on their assessed values on their last three tax recapitulation sheets. The Town of Wenham is the administrator for all matters associated with the management and operation of the Joint Library. Accordingly, all revenues and expenditures associated with the Joint Library are accounted for by the Town of Wenham. During fiscal year 2024, the Town paid approximately \$917,000 to the Town of Wenham to cover the Town's portion of the operating and administrative costs.

Complete financial statements for the Town of Wenham and the Joint Library can be obtained directly from the Town of Wenham, located at 184 Main Street, Wenham, Massachusetts, 01984.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Hamilton-Wenham Recreation Department

The Towns of Hamilton and Wenham operate a joint recreation department (the Department). Operating and administrative expenditures are apportioned to the Towns of Hamilton and Wenham based on their assessed values on their last three tax recapitulation sheets. The Town of Hamilton is the administrator for all matters associated with the management and operation of the Department. Accordingly, all revenues and expenditures associated with the Department are accounted for by the Town of Hamilton. During fiscal year 2024, the Department's operating and administrative expenditures totaled approximately \$226,000. The Town of Wenham paid the Town of Hamilton approximately \$202,000 for their share of the Department's costs.

The Department's activities are accounted for in the Town of Hamilton's general fund. Neither Town has an equity interest in the operation of the Department.

Veterans' Memorial Pool at Patton Park

The Towns of Hamilton and Wenham operate a joint pool (the Pool) that is used for the summer park and recreation program offered by the Hamilton-Wenham Joint Recreation Committee (the Committee). The capital costs associated with the design and construction of the Pool were allocated 66.4% to the Town of Hamilton and 33.6% to the Town of Wenham. The Town of Hamilton is the administrator for all matters associated with the management and operation of the Pool. Costs associated with the operation and maintenance of the Pool are paid from revenues collected in a pool revolving fund maintained by the Town of Hamilton. The Town of Wenham is annually charged an administrative fee based upon a calculation of the Town of Hamilton's indirect costs of administration associated with the Pool. The Town of Wenham paid the Town of Hamilton approximately \$9,400 for their share of the indirect costs of administration associated with the pool.

The Pool's operational activities are accounted for in the Town of Hamilton's Pool revolving fund (special revenue). Neither Town has an equity interest in the operation of the Pool.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District

The Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District (the District) is governed by a sixmember school committee consisting of one appointed and two elected representatives from the Town. The Town is indirectly liable for the District's debt and other expenditures and is assessed annually for its share of operating and capital costs. Operating costs are apportioned amongst the Towns based on the assessed values on their last three tax recapitulation sheets. Capital costs, including debt service, are apportioned amongst the Towns based on a combination of the three-year valuation average and pupil enrollments. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Town's assessments for operating and capital costs totaled approximately \$22,695,000 and \$395,000, respectively.

Complete financial statements for the District can be obtained directly from the District located at Administrative Offices, 5 School Street, Wenham, Massachusetts, 01984.

North Shore Technical School

The North Shore Technical School is governed by a 16-member school district committee consisting of one elected representative from each member town, including the Town of Hamilton. The Town is indirectly liable for the North Shore Technical School debt and expenditures and is assessed annually for its share of operating and capital costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Town's assessment for operating and capital costs totaled approximately \$291,000 and \$24,000, respectively. Separate financial statements may be obtained by writing to the Treasurer of the North Shore Technical School at 30 Log Bridge Road, Middleton, Massachusetts 01949.

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and the discretely presented component unit. Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are primarily supported by user fees.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and displayed in a single column.

Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred. Real estate and personal property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include the following:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a specific function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a specific function or segment.

Taxes and other items not identifiable as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Except for charges between the general fund and enterprise funds, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Elimination of the charges between the general fund and enterprise fund would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the functions affected.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with current expendable available resources.

Real estate and personal property tax revenues are considered available if they are collected within 60-days after the end of the fiscal year. Investment income is susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and tax revenues become measurable and available when the cash is received and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Expenditure driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures are incurred, and all other grant requirements are met.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

General Fund

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Community Preservation Fund

The community preservation fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the 2% local real estate tax surcharge on nonexempt property (and matching state trust fund distribution) that can be used for open space, historic resource, and affordable housing purposes. Property exempt from the surcharge consists of the first \$100,000 of all residential property and also property owned by low-income residents or seniors with low or moderate income as defined by Massachusetts Department of Revenue (DOR) guidelines. Disbursements from this fund must originate from the Community Preservation Committee and be approved by Town Meeting.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

American Rescue Plan Act Fund

The American Rescue Plan Act fund is used to account for and report all revenue and expenses related to American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

Town Hall Renovation Fund

The town hall renovation fund is used to account for and report all revenue and expenses related to the town hall renovation project.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The nonmajor governmental funds consist of special revenue, capital projects, and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the nonmajor governmental funds column on the governmental funds' financial statements. The following describes the general use of these fund types:

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the government's programs and benefit the government or its citizenry.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Proprietary Funds (Continued)</u> The following proprietary fund is reported:

Water Enterprise Fund

The water enterprise fund (major fund) is used to account for the activities of the water department.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government's programs.

The following fiduciary fund types are reported:

Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund

The other postemployment benefits trust fund is an irrevocable trust fund established to accumulate resources to reduce the unfunded actuarial liability of health care and other postemployment benefits.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund

The private-purpose trust fund is used to account for trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in the permanent fund, under which principal and investment income exclusively benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are carried at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Accounts Receivable

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the governmentwide and proprietary funds financial statements are reported under the accrual basis of accounting. The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Real Estate Taxes, Personal Property Taxes, and Tax Liens

Real estate and personal property taxes are levied and based on values assessed on January 1 of every year. Assessed values are established by the Board of Assessor's for 100% of the estimated fair market value. Taxes are due on August 1, November 1, February 1, and May 1 and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date.

Real estate tax liens are processed six months after the close of the valuation year on delinquent properties and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year they are processed.

Motor Vehicle Excise Taxes

Motor vehicle excise taxes are assessed annually for each vehicle registered in the Town and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of vehicles registered and the fair values of those vehicles to the Town. The tax calculation is the fair value of the vehicle multiplied by \$25 per \$1,000 of value.

Community Preservation Surcharges

Community preservation surcharges are levied annually at a rate of 2% of residents' real estate tax bills with exemptions for the first \$100,000 of residential property and property owned by qualified persons with low income and seniors with low or moderate income as defined by DOR guidelines. The surcharge is due with the real estate tax on a quarterly basis each August 1, November 1, February 1, and May 1 and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Overdue surcharges are included on the tax liens processed on delinquent real estate taxes. Surcharges are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

Water Charges and Water Liens

User fees are levied quarterly based on individual meter readings and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Unbilled user fees are based on actual subsequent billings and are recorded as revenue in the current period. Water liens are processed in December of each year and are included as a lien on the property owner's tax bill. Water charges are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Accounts Receivable (Continued)

Departmental and Other

Departmental and other receivables primarily consist of police details and are recorded as receivables when accrued.

Intergovernmental

Various state and federal operating and capital grants are applied for and received annually. For nonexpenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred, and all other grant requirements are met.

<u>Lease</u>

The Town leases a cellular tower under a long-term, noncancellable lease agreement.

G. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The allowance for uncollectible amounts is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis for the following accounts receivable:

- Personal property taxes
- Motor vehicle and other excise taxes
- Departmental and other
- Lease

At June 30, 2024, the allowances related to these accounts receivable are immaterial and, therefore, not reported.

The following types of accounts receivable are secured via the lien process and are considered 100% collectible. Accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible amounts is not reported.

- Real estate taxes and tax liens
- Community preservation surcharges
- Water charges and liens
- Loans

Intergovernmental receivables are considered 100% collectible.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Restricted Assets

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

I. Capital Assets

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Capital assets, which consist of land, intangible assets, construction in progress, improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, library books, software, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, water mains, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value at the date of donation.

All purchases and construction costs in excess of \$10,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year.

Depreciable assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

Improvements	20 Years
Buildings	40 to 50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 to 10 Years
Vehicles	5 to 10 Years
Library Books	10 Years
Software	5 Years
Infrastructure	20 to 50 Years

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized and are treated as expenses when incurred. Improvements are capitalized.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

Capital asset costs are recorded as expenditures in the acquiring fund in the fiscal year of the purchase.

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of its operations, transactions occur between funds that may result in amounts owed between funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between governmental funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Any residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of net position as "internal balances".

Fund Financial Statements

Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between funds are not eliminated from the individual fund statements. Receivables and payables resulting from these transactions are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

K. Interfund Transfers

During the course of its operations, resources are permanently reallocated between funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of activities. Any residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of activities as "Transfers, Net".

Fund Financial Statements

Transfers between funds are not eliminated from the individual fund statements and are reported as transfers in and transfers out.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position.

M. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue represents billed receivables that do not meet the availability criterion in accordance with the current financial resources' measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet.

N. Advance Deposits

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Advance deposits represent exchange revenues received in advance of meeting requirements for revenue recognition.

O. Unearned Revenue

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Unearned revenue represents intergovernmental revenues received in advance of meeting eligibility requirements for revenue recognition.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Net Position and Fund Balance

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial</u> <u>Statements (Net Position)</u>

Net position represents the residual difference between assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows.

Net position is reported as restricted when amounts are restricted by outside parties for a specific future use.

Net position has been "restricted" for the following:

Community Preservation – represents amounts restricted for the purpose of acquiring land for conservation, recreational, and affordable housing projects.

Affordable Housing – represents amounts restricted (in accordance with MGL, Chapter 44, Section 55C) for the creation and preservation of affordable housing within the Town.

Permanent Funds – *Expendable* – represents amounts held in trust for which the expenditures are restricted by various trust agreements.

Permanent Funds – Nonexpendable – represents amounts held in trust for which only investment earnings may be expended.

Other Specific Purposes – represents other restrictions placed on assets from outside parties.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements (Fund Balance)

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable – represents amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form (i.e., prepaid amounts) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., principal of permanent fund).

Restricted – represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Governmental Funds Financial Statements (Fund Balance) (Continued)

Committed – represents amounts that can be used only for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of Town meeting, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Committed amounts may be established, modified, or rescinded only through actions approved by Town meeting.

Assigned – represents amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Town's structure, authorized assignments for noncontractual encumbrances can be made by individual department heads.

Unassigned – represents the residual fund balance for the General Fund and the negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balance amounts.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

Q. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The face amount of governmental funds long-term debt is reported as other financing sources when the debt is issued. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the current period. Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources and bond discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual bond proceeds received, are reported as general government expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

R. Investment Income

Excluding the permanent funds, investment income derived from major and nonmajor governmental funds is legally assigned to the general fund unless otherwise directed by Massachusetts General Law (MGL).

Investment income from permanent funds and the proprietary funds are retained in the respective funds.

S. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on collective bargaining agreements, state laws, and executive policies.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as liabilities and expensed as incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave, which will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities upon employee retirements and resignations.

T. Postretirement Benefits

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In addition to providing pension benefits, and as more fully described in Note 11, the Town provides health insurance coverage for current and future retirees and their spouses.

U. Pensions

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

For purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Essex Regional Retirement System (ERRS) and additions to/deductions from ERRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

V. Use of Estimates

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Municipal Law requires the adoption of a balanced budget that is approved by Town Meeting vote. The Finance Committee presents an annual budget to Town Meeting, which includes estimates of revenues and other financing sources and recommendations of expenditures and other financing uses. Town Meeting, which has full authority to amend and/or reject the budget or any line item, adopts the expenditure budget by majority vote.

Increases or transfers between and within departments subsequent to the approval of the annual budget requires majority Town Meeting approval via Special Town Meeting.

The majority of appropriations are noncontinuing which lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Others are continuing appropriations for which the governing body has authorized that an unspent balance from a prior fiscal year be carried forward and made available for spending in the current fiscal year.

Generally, expenditures may not exceed the level of spending (salaries, expenses, and capital) authorized for an appropriation account. However, the Town is statutorily required to pay debt service, regardless of whether such amounts are appropriated.

An annual budget is adopted for the general fund and community preservation fund in conformity with the guidelines described above. The original fiscal year 2024 approved budget for the general fund and community preservation fund authorized appropriations of \$39,394,809 and \$934,816, respectively. During the fiscal year, appropriations were increased for both the general fund and the community preservation fund by \$2,000,000 and \$500,000 respectively.

The Accountant's office has the responsibility to ensure that budgetary control is maintained. Budgetary control is exercised through the accounting system.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

B. Individual Fund Deficits

At June 30, 2024, a deficit of \$37,966 exists in five special revenue grant funds, which will be funded by future grant reimbursements. Additionally, a deficit of \$23,837 exists in the police special detail fund (special revenue fund), which will be funded by collection of fees.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The municipal finance laws of the Commonwealth authorize the Town to invest temporarily idle cash in bank term deposits and certificates of deposits, and treasury and agency obligations of the United States government, with maturities of one year or less; U.S. treasury or agency repurchase agreements with maturities of not more than 90 days; money market accounts; and the state treasurer's investment pool – the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT). The Treasurer also has expanded investment powers as it relates to certain trust funds (as defined by the Commonwealth), permanent funds, and fiduciary funds.

The MMDT meets the criteria of an external investment pool and operates in accordance with applicable state laws and regulations. The Treasurer of the Commonwealth serves as Trustee. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of pool shares.

A cash and investment pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds with unrestricted cash and investments. The deposits and investments of the permanent funds, other postemployment benefits trust fund, private purpose trust funds and the Hamilton Development Corporation are held separately from other Town funds.

A. Deposits – Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be recovered. The Town and the Hamilton Development Corporation do not have policies for custodial credit risk of deposits. As of June 30, 2024, \$6,953,940 of the Town's bank balance of \$18,728,071 was uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2024, the Hamilton Development Corporation bank balance was fully insured.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments Summary

The Town's investments at June 30, 2024 are presented in the following table. All investments are presented by investment type, with debt securities presented by maturity.

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
	Total	Less						
Investment Type	Amount	Than One	One to Five					
Debt Securities:								
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 1,391,148	\$ 437,182	\$ 953,966					
U.S. Agencies	231,819	69,358	162,461					
Corporate Bonds	1,670,665	173,723	1,496,942					
Mutual Bond Funds	348,508	348,508	-					
Certificates of Deposit	303,462	303,462	-					
External Investment Pool (MMDT)	4,198,290	4,198,290						
Total Debt Securities	8,143,892	\$ 5,530,523	\$ 2,613,369					
Other Investments:								
Equity Securities	1,117,822							
Equity Mutual Funds	1,000,989							
Total Other Investments	2,118,811							
Total Investments	\$ 10,262,703							
Investments per the Financial								
Statements:								
Governmental Activities	\$ 4,551,245							
OPEB Trust Fund	1,466,125							
Private Purpose Trust Fund	47,043							
Subtotal Investments	6,064,413							
Add: External Investment Pool								
(MMDT)	4,198,290							
Total Investments	\$ 10,262,703							

C. Investments – Interest Rate Risk of Debt Securities

Interest rate risk for debt securities is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town does not have a policy for interest rate risk of debt securities.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

D. Investments – Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of investments. As of June 30, 2024, the Town's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

E. Investments – Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The Town does not have a policy for credit risk of debt securities. As of June 30, 2024, the credit ratings of the Town's investments in debt securities, exclusive of exempt U.S. Treasuries of \$1,391,148 are as follows:

		Investment Type											
Quality Ratings *	Total Amount	U.S. Corporate Agencies Bonds				rtificates of Deposit		itual Bond Funds	h	External nvestment ool (MMDT)			
AAA	\$ 254,838	\$	-	\$	254,838	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
A+	173,240		-		173,240		-		-		-		
A	329,007		-		329,007		-		-		-		
A-	353,578		-		353,578		-		-		-		
BBB+	303,574		-		303,574		-		-		-		
BBB	256,428		-		256,428		-		-		-		
Unrated	5,082,079		231,819		-		303,462		348,508		4,198,290		
Total	\$ 6,752,744	\$	231,819	\$	1,670,665	\$	303,462	\$	348,508	\$	4,198,290		

* Per the rating scale of Standard and Poor's (Nationally recognized statistical rating organization)

F. Investments – Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Town's investment in a single issuer. The Town does not have a policy for concentration of credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, the Town was exposed to concentration of credit risk. The Town is invested in a corporate bond for Emerson Electric Company with a fair value of \$328,342 that comprises 6% of the Town's total investments.

G. Investments – Fair Value Measurements

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

G. Investments – Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

		air Value Meas	easurements Using				
		Quo	oted Prices in	5	Significant		
		Ac	tive Markets	Other			
		fo	or Identical	Observable			
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Ass	sets (Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)			
Equity Securities:							
Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 1,000,989	\$	-	\$	1,000,989		
Equity Securities	 1,117,822		1,117,822		-		
Total Equity Securities	 2,118,811		1,117,822		1,000,989		
Debt Securities:							
U.S. Agencies	231,819		-		231,819		
U.S. Treasuries	1,391,148		-		1,391,148		
Corporate Bonds	1,670,665		-		1,670,665		
Certificates of Deposit	303,462		-		303,462		
Mutual Bond Funds	 348,508		-		348,508		
Total Debt Securities	 3,945,602		-		3,945,602		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	6,064,413	\$	1,117,822	\$	4,946,591		
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:							
External Investment Pool (MMDT)	 4,198,290						
Total Investments - Town	\$ 10,262,703						

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2024, receivables for the individual major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental funds, in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible amounts, are as follows:

	Gro	oss Amount	 nce for ectibles	Net Amount		
Receivables:						
Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes	\$	434,459	\$ -	\$	434,459	
Real Estate Tax Deferrals		23,904	-		23,904	
Tax Liens		105,525	-		105,525	
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes		137,232	-		137,232	
Community Preservation Surcharges		6,655	-		6,655	
Departmental and Other		37,974	-		37,974	
Intergovernmental		648,901	-		648,901	
Lease		900,247	 -		900,247	
Total	\$	2,294,897	\$ -	\$	2,294,897	

At June 30, 2024, receivables for the water enterprise fund consist of the following:

	Gro	ss Amount	 nce for ectibles	Net Amount		
Receivables:						
Water Charges	\$	592,560	\$ -	\$	592,560	
Water Liens		12,992	-		12,992	
Total	\$	605,552	\$ -	\$	605,552	

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,373,848	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,373,848
Intangible Assets	1,750,000	-	-	-	1,750,000
Construction in Progress	1,091,828	117,048	(177,667)	-	1,031,209
Total Capital Assets Not Being					
Depreciated	5,215,676	117,048	(177,667)	-	5,155,057
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized:					
Improvements	4,382,567	143,975	-	-	4,526,542
Buildings	14,578,341	-	-	-	14,578,341
Machinery and Equipment	1,627,194	965,731	(12,337)	-	2,580,588
Vehicles	2,560,597	70,000	(111,819)	(34,455)	2,484,323
Library Books	265,666	-	-	-	265,666
Software	20,765	-	-	-	20,765
Intangible, Right to Use Lease Assets	805,132	26,178	-	-	831,310
Infrastructure	6,911,847	1,938,068	-	-	8,849,915
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated and Amortized	31,152,109	3,143,952	(124,156)	(34,455)	34,137,450
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:					
Improvements	(1,489,834)	(207,305)	-	-	(1,697,139)
Buildings	(8,078,636)	(330,484)	-	-	(8,409,120)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,310,720)	(114,146)	12,337	-	(1,412,529)
Vehicles	(1,721,631)	(148,346)	111,819	34,455	(1,723,703)
Library Books	(265,666)	-	-	-	(265,666)
Software	(20,765)	-	-	-	(20,765)
Intangible, Right to Use Lease Assets	(336,415)	(120,899)	-	-	(457,314)
Infrastructure	(2,232,446)	(241,137)	-	-	(2,473,583)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(15,456,113)	(1,162,317)	124,156	34,455	(16,459,819)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and					
Amortized, Net	15,695,996	1,981,635			17,677,631
Total Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 20,911,672	\$ 2,098,683	\$ (177,667)	\$-	\$ 22,832,688

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	¢ 000.040	¢	¢	¢	¢ 000.040
Land	\$ 283,912 161.321	\$-	\$ - (100.225)	\$-	\$ 283,912
Construction in Progress	101,321		(100,225)		61,096
Total Capital Assets Not Being	445 000		(100.005)		245 000
Depreciated	445,233	-	(100,225)	-	345,008
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized:					
Buildings	6,790,343	-	-	(901,444)	5,888,899
Machinery and Equipment	41,848	-	-	-	41,848
Vehicles	335,662	-	(41,190)	34,455	328,927
Intangible, Right to Use Lease Assets	-	124,445	-	-	124,445
Infrastructure	14,241,864	767,254	-	901,444	15,910,562
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated and Amortized	21,409,717	891,699	(41,190)	34,455	22,294,681
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:					
Buildings	(1,819,631)	(201,445)	-	-	(2,021,076)
Machinery and Equipment	(40,322)	(1,020)	-	-	(41,342)
Vehicles	(295,577)	(6,167)	41,190	(34,455)	(295,009)
Intangible, Right to Use Lease Assets	-	(34,568)	-	-	(34,568)
Infrastructure	(4,224,073)	(387,092)	-	-	(4,611,165)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(6,379,603)	(630,292)	41,190	(34,455)	(7,003,160)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and					
Amortized, Net	15,030,114	261,407	-	_	15,291,521
	10,000,111	201,101			10,201,021
Total Business-Type Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 15,475,347	\$ 261,407	\$ (100,225)	\$ -	\$ 15,636,529

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 48,058
Public Safety	403,175
Education	39,090
Public Works	377,511
Health and Human Services	6,068
Culture and Recreation	 288,415
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,162,317
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 630,292

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are summarized as follows:

			Transfers In			_
			Town Hall			_
	(General	Renovation			
Transfers Out		Fund	Fund		Total	_
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	(1)
Community Preservation Fund		-	500,000		500,000	(1)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,000	-		2,000	(2)
Water Enterprise Fund		457,313			457,313	(3)
Total	\$	459,313	\$ 2,500,000	\$	2,959,313	-

- (1) Represents budgeted transfers for the town hall renovation project.
- (2) Represents budgeted transfers for cemetery expenditures.
- (3) Represents budgeted indirect cost subsidy from the Water enterprise fund to the general fund.

NOTE 7 SHORT-TERM FINANCING

Short-term debt may be authorized and issued to fund the following:

- Current operating costs prior to the collection of revenues through issuance of revenue anticipation notes (RAN) or tax anticipation notes (TAN).
- Capital project costs and other approved expenditures incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BAN) or grant anticipation notes (GAN).

Short-term loans are general obligations and carry maturity dates that are limited by statute. Interest expenditures and expenses for short-term borrowings are accounted for in the general fund and enterprise funds, respectively.

Details related to the short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Notes Payable – Governmental Funds

Туре	Description	Origination Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	alance at e 30, 2023	Increases	[Decreases	ance at 30, 2024
BAN	Town Hall Improvements	8/18/22	8/17/23	3.50%	\$ 467,767	\$ -	\$	(467,767)	\$ -
BAN	Town Hall Improvements	8/17/23	1/26/24	4.50%	 -	 450,767		(450,767)	 -
	Total Governmental Funds				\$ 467,767	\$ 450,767	\$	(918,534)	\$ -

NOTE 7 SHORT-TERM FINANCING (CONTINUED)

Notes Payable – Water Enterprise Fund

Туре	Description	Origination Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Balance at June 30, 2023						Rate June		 Increases		Decreases	alance at e 30, 2024
BAN	Water Treatment Plant Improvements	8/18/22	8/17/23	3.50%	\$	1,200,000	\$ -	\$	(1,200,000)	\$ -						
BAN	Water Treatment Plant Improvements	8/18/22	8/17/23	3.50%		1,000,000	-		(1,000,000)	-						
BAN	Water Treatment Plant Improvements	8/17/23	1/26/24	4.50%		-	1,157,000		(1,157,000)	-						
BAN	Water Treatment Plant Improvements	8/17/23	1/26/24	4.50%		-	 1,000,000	_	(1,000,000)	 -						
	Total Water Enterprise Fund				\$	2,200,000	\$ 2,157,000	\$	(4,357,000)	\$ -						

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following represents a summary of changes that occurred in long-term obligations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	 Balance June 30, 2023	 Increases	D	ecreases	 Balance June 30, 2024		Current Portion
Governmental Activities:						_	
Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 3,170,000	\$ 4,059,100	\$	(580,000)	\$ 6,649,100	\$	784,100
Unamortized Bond Premium	 191,464	 382,112	_	(32,761)	 540,815		73,529
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	3,361,464	4,441,212		(612,761)	7,189,915		857,629
Lease Liabilities	418,601	26,178		(115,911)	328,868		101,372
Compensated Absences	 411,754	 51,120	_	-	 462,874		46,287
Total	\$ 4,191,819	\$ 4,518,510	\$	(728,672)	\$ 7,981,657	\$	1,005,288
Business-Type Activities:							
Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 6,860,000	\$ 2,580,900	\$	(500,000)	\$ 8,940,900	\$	690,900
Unamortized Bond Premium	 256,185	 236,554		(18,076)	 474,663		75,534
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	 7,116,185	2,817,454		(518,076)	9,415,563		766,434
Lease Liabilities	-	124,445		(39,109)	85,336		41,436
Compensated Absences	 10,218	 -		1,424	 11,642		1,164
Total	\$ 7,126,403	\$ 2,941,899	\$	(555,761)	\$ 9,512,541	\$	809,034

Except for bonds issued for the community preservation fund, long-term liabilities of governmental activities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 9 LEASES

<u>Lessor</u>

The Town leases land to a personal communications service provider related to the operation of a telecommunications tower and supporting ground equipment. The lease expires in 2046.

Total future minimum lease receipts to be received under the lease agreement are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
<u>Year Ending June 30</u>	F	Principal		Interest			
2025	\$	23,117	\$	11,085			
2026		24,441		10,788			
2027		25,812		10,473			
2028		27,233		10,141			
2029		28,704		9,791			
2030-2034		167,482		43,028			
2035 and Thereafter		603,458		48,889			
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	900,247	\$	144,195			

<u>Lessee</u>

The Town leases a fire pumper as well as four (4) vehicles for various terms under longterm, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through July 2027.

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	/pe Act	ivities
Fiscal Years Ending June 30,	Principal Interest		Principal Inte		Principal		Interest	
2025	\$	101,372	\$	12,623	\$	41,436	\$	5,078
2026		105,311		8,685		43,900		2,611
2027		59,966		4,590		-		-
2028		62,219		2,339		-		-
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	328,868	\$	28,237	\$	85,336	\$	7,689

Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases as shown below:

	Governmental		Bus	ness-Type	
	A	Activities	A	ctivities	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	549,917	\$	-	
Vehicles		281,393		124,445	
Less: accumulated amortization		(457,314)		(34,568)	
Total	\$	373,996	\$	89,877	

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM DEBT

Details related to the outstanding indebtedness at June 30, 2024, and the debt service requirements, are as follows:

Bonds and Notes Payable – Governmental Funds

	Maturity	Interest		outstanding					outstanding
	,	Interest	9	it June 30,		_		a	it June 30,
Project	Date	Rate %		2023	 Issued	R	edeemed		2024
Public Safety Building - Refunding	9/15/2025	2.00 - 4.00	\$	810,000	\$ -	\$	(275,000)	\$	535,000
Fire Truck	5/15/2027	2.00 - 4.00		280,000	-		(70,000)		210,000
Landfill Capping	5/15/2030	2.00 - 4.00		595,000	-		(85,000)		510,000
Sagamore Hill Land Acquisition	3/15/2032	2.00 - 3.00		740,000	-		(85,000)		655,000
Chebacco Road Paving	11/1/2034	2.00 - 5.00		745,000	-		(65,000)		680,000
Town Hall Renovation - CPA	1/15/2044	4.00 - 5.00		-	399,000		-		399,000
Town Hall Renovation - General	1/15/2044	4.00 - 5.00		-	 3,660,100		-		3,660,100
Total Governmental Funds			\$	3,170,000	\$ 4,059,100	\$	(580,000)	\$	6,649,100

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for governmental bonds payable in future fiscal years are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30,</u>	Principal		Interest			Total
2025	\$ 784,100		\$	242,277		\$ 1,026,377
2026	775,000			219,753		994,753
2027	510,000			200,228		710,228
2028	435,000			182,703		617,703
2029	435,000			164,875		599,875
2030	430,000			147,748		577,748
2031	345,000			131,645		476,645
2032	345,000			117,795		462,795
2033	265,000			103,915		368,915
2034	265,000			92,375		357,375
2035	260,000			80,833		340,833
2036	205,000			72,000		277,000
2037	200,000			63,800		263,800
2038	200,000			55,800		255,800
2039	200,000			47,800		247,800
2040	200,000			39,800		239,800
2041	200,000			31,800		231,800
2042	200,000			23,800		223,800
2043	200,000			15,800		215,800
2044	 195,000	_		7,800		 202,800
Total	\$ 6,649,100		\$	2,042,545		\$ 8,691,645

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Bonds and Notes Payable – Water Enterprise Fund

Designt	Maturity	Interest		utstanding t June 30,		la		- d d		utstanding It June 30,
Project Water System Reconstruction	Date 05/15/35	Rate %	\$	2023	\$	Issued -	\$	edeemed (250,000)	\$	2024 2,715,000
Water System Reconstruction	03/15/37	2.00 - 3.00	φ	2,905,000	φ	-	φ	(250,000)	φ	1,235,000
Water Distribution System	11/1/39	2.00 - 5.00		1,060,000		-		(65,000)		995,000
Water Distribution System Phase IV	11/1/39	2.00 - 5.00		1,360,000		-		(80,000)		1,280,000
Water Treatment Plant Water Treatment Plant	11/1/39 1/15/2044	2.00 - 5.00 4.00 - 5.00		145,000		-		(10,000)		135,000
Water Treatment Plant II	1/15/2044	4.00 - 5.00		-		1,114,000 1,000,000		-		1,114,000 1,000,000
Water Phase V Planning	1/15/2029	5.00		-		266,900		-		266,900
Water Phase V Implementation	1/15/2034	5.00		-		200,000		-		200,000
Total Enterprise Funds			\$	6,860,000	\$	2,580,900	\$	(500,000)	\$	8,940,900
Fiscal Year Ending June	30	Prin	cin	al		Interest			Тс	otal
2025	<u></u> ,			,900	\$	291,2		\$		982,075
2026		-		,000	Ŧ	270,8		Ŧ		955,873
2027			680	,000		247,8	373		ę	927,873
2028		(675	,000		223,5	573		8	398,573
2029			670	,000		198,3	372		8	368,372
2030				,000		174,8				794,855
2031				,000		156,1				776,163
2032				,000		136,6				751,663
2033				,000		117,*				732,138
2034				,000		97,4				712,463
2035				,000		77,3				572,331
2036				,000		59,2				404,233
2037				,000		48,7				393,775
2038				,000		38,2				288,245
2039				,000		30,5				280,529
2040				,000		22,7				272,776
2041 2042				,000 ,000		16,8				121,800
2042				,000		12,6	400			117,600 113,400
2043				,000			200			109,200
Total				,900	\$	2,233,0		\$		173,933
		Ψ 0,	0	,	¥	2,200,0			,	

Authorized and Unissued Debt

The Town is subject to various debt limits by statute and may issue additional general obligation debt under the normal debt limit. At June 30, 2024, the Town had authorized and unissued debt of \$100,000 for water line inventory.

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The Town provides health and life insurance coverage for its retirees and their survivors (hereinafter referred to as the Plan) as a single-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan. Chapter 32B of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. Changes to plan design and contribution rates must be accomplished through the collective bargaining process. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone, GAAP basis audited financial report.

The Plan is administered by the Town Treasurer as having been duly designated as the Trustee by the Plan trust agreement.

B. Benefits Provided

The Town provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents for the duration of retirement. An employee hired before April 2, 2012 shall become eligible to retire under the plan upon attainment of age 55 as an active member and completion of 10 years of service, or an employee shall be able to retire with 20 years of service regardless of age. Those hired on or after April 2, 2012 shall be eligible to retire upon attainment of age 60 with 10 years of creditable service. The benefit terms provide for payment of 55% of health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and 55% of supplemental health insurance premiums for Medicare-eligible retirees. The benefit terms also provide for payment of 75% of premiums for \$15,000 of life insurance benefits for retirees. Dental insurance coverage is also offered but at no cost to the Town. The costs of administering the Plan are paid by the Town.

C. Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town. The required health insurance contribution rates of Plan members and the Town are 45% and 55%, respectively.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, employer contributions totaled \$378,292. The Plan did not receive contributions from any other sources.

D. Plan Investments

The Town's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Select Board by a majority vote. The OPEB plan's assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the OPEB plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 11.44%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense.

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

D. Plan Investments (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class include in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

I ong-Term

		Long-renn
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity - Large Cap	33.50 %	4.91 %
Domestic Fixed Income	21.00	2.30
International Equity - Developed Market	13.00	5.32
Domestic Equity - Small/Mid Cap	10.25	5.29
Alternatives	8.75	6.35
International Equity - Emerging Market	6.75	6.13
International Fixed Income	3.50	2.02
Real Estate	2.75	6.25
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.50	-
Total	100.00 %	

E. Participants Covered by Benefit Terms

The number of participants as of July 1, 2023, the latest actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Active Members	60
Retired Members	45
Total	105

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

F. Net OPEB Liability

Changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability	Increase Decrease) Fiduciary let Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 5,925,404	\$ 1,198,272	\$ 4,727,132
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	132,390	-	132,390
Interest	361,914	-	361,914
Difference Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	41,767	-	41,767
Changes of Assumptions	(488,688)	-	(488,688)
Contributions - Employer	-	378,292	(378,292)
Investment Income	-	150,134	(150,134)
Benefits Payments	(253,292)	(253,292)	-
Net Changes	(205,909)	275,134	 (481,043)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 5,719,495	\$ 1,473,406	\$ 4,246,089

Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability

25.76%

The OPEB trust fund reported in the fiduciary funds financial statements is reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and uses the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as additions in the period when they have become due pursuant to formal commitments, statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as deductions when incurred.

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

G. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Discount Rate	6.82%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.00%
Pre-Retirement Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Employees projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year for females
Postretirement Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year for females
Disabled Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year
Mortality Experience Study	The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarial accrued liability and the service cost primarily reflect the latest experience studies of the Massachusetts PERAC issued in 2014 and their most recent analysis of retiree mortality during 2015 and 2016.

H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.82%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the Town will be made in accordance with the Plan's funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.82%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.82%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.82%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(5.82%)	(6.82%)	(7.82%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,001,780	\$ 4,246,089	\$ 3,625,398

J. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Hea	althcare Cost		1%
	Decrease		Trend Rates		Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,563,193	\$	4,246,089	\$	5,084,466

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized OPEB expense (benefit) of (\$249,094). At June 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred	
	0	utflows of		Inflows of	
	R	Resources		Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	34,033	\$	(507,641)	
Changes of Assumptions		570,577		(1,351,579)	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings					
on Plan Investments		17,310		-	
Changes in Proportion		479,002		(479,002)	
Total	\$	1,100,922	\$	(2,338,222)	

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town updated its functional allocation methodology for the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense to a methodology that more accurately reflected the functional allocation of these OPEB-related amounts. The change is being applied prospectively, beginning July 1, 2023. The effect of this change in the current period is an increase of approximately \$109,000 in water enterprise fund expenses and a corresponding decrease in governmental activities expenses.

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Amount
2025	\$ (671,828)
2026	(389,093)
2027	(45,931)
2028	(97,342)
2029	(33,106)
Total	\$ (1,237,300)

NOTE 12 FUND BALANCE

The constraints on fund balance as listed in aggregate in the governmental funds balance sheet are detailed as follows:

	General	Community Preservation	American Rescue Plan Act	Town Hall Renovations	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Permanent Fund Principal	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 336,908	\$ 336,908
Restricted for:						
Community Preservation	-	2,187,364	-	-	-	2,187,364
Affordable Housing	-	-	-	-	317,987	317,987
Capital	-	-	-	6,342,528	18,427	6,360,955
General Government	-	-	-	-	593,319	593,319
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	181,434	181,434
Public Works	-	-	-	-	267,884	267,884
Health and Human Services	-	-	-	-	554,095	554,095
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	50,256	50,256
Total Restricted	-	2,187,364	-	6,342,528	1,983,402	10,513,294
Committed to:						
Subsequent Year's Expenditures	1,928,569	-	-	-	-	1,928,569
Capital Stabilization	948,982	-	-	-	-	948,982
Recreation Fields Stabilization	648,515	-	-		-	648,515
Continuing Appropriations	1,496,073	-	-	-	-	1,496,073
Total Committed	5,022,139	-	-	-	-	5,022,139
Assigned to:						
Encumbrances	26,522	-	-	-	-	26,522
Unassigned	7,318,953				(61,803)	7,257,150
Total Fund Balance	\$ 12,367,614	\$ 2,187,364	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 6,342,528	\$ 2,258,507	\$ 23,156,013

NOTE 13 STABILIZATION FUNDS

The Town maintains general, recreation fields, and capital stabilization funds that were established under MGL Chapter 40, Section 5B. Additionally, Appropriations in and out of the stabilization funds require two-thirds vote of Town meeting. Investment income is retained by the funds.

The balance of the general, recreation fields, and capital stabilization funds at June 30, 2024 total \$2,181,334, \$648,515, and \$948,982, respectively, and are reported in the general fund as unassigned (\$2,181,334) and committed (\$648,515 and \$948,982) fund balance.

NOTE 14 RISK FINANCING

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. Claims losses have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The Town participates in a health insurance risk pool trust administered by Massachusetts Interlocal Insurance Association (the Association), which was founded to establish insurance cost stability for Massachusetts' entities. The Association offers a variety of premium based plans to its members with each participating governmental unit being charged a premium for coverage based on rates established by the Association. The Town is obligated to pay the Association its required premiums and, in the event that the Association is terminated, its pro-rata share of a deficit, should one exist. These premium based payments are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund.

NOTE 15 PENSION PLAN – ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information about the Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

Employees of the Town deemed eligible by the Essex Regional Retirement Board are provided with pensions through the Essex Regional Retirement System (ERRS) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Essex Regional Retirement Board. Membership in the ERRS is mandatory immediately upon the commencement of employment for all permanent, full-time employees (except for school department employees who serve in a teaching capacity). The ERRS issues a publicly available financial that can be obtained online report at https://www.essexregional.com/home/pages/annual-audits or by contacting the ERRS located at 491 Maple Street, Suite 202, Danvers, Massachusetts, 01923.

NOTE 15 PENSION PLAN – ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided

Chapter 32 of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. The plan provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation for those hired prior to April 2, 2012. For persons who became members on or after April 2, 2012, average salary is the average annual rate of regular compensation received during the five consecutive years that produce the highest average, or, if greater, during the last five years (whether or not consecutive) preceding retirement. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation, and group classification.

There are three classes of membership in the plan: Group 1, Group 2, and Group 4. Group 1 consists of general employees which includes clerical and administrative positions. Group 2 consists of positions that have been specified as hazardous. Lastly, Group 4 consists of police officers, firefighters, and other hazardous positions.

Members become vested after 10 years of creditable service. A superannuation retirement allowance may be received upon the completion of 20 years of service or upon reaching the age of 55 with 10 years of service if hired after 1978 and if classified in Groups 1 or 2. A person who became a member on or after April 2, 2012 is eligible for a superannuation retirement allowance upon reaching the age of 60 with 10 years of service if in Group 1, 50 years of age with 10 years of service if in Group 2, and 55 years of age if hired prior to 1978 or if classified in Group 4. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65 (except for certain hazardous duty and public safety positions, whose normal retirement is at age 55).

A retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total deductions and the interest they generate constitute the annuity. The differential between the total retirement benefit and the annuity is the pension. The average retirement benefit is approximately 80-85% pension and 15-20% annuity.

Members who become permanently and totally disabled for further duty may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance. The amount of benefits to be received in such cases is dependent on several factors, including whether or not the disability is work related, the member's age, years of creditable service, level of compensation, veterans' status, and group classification.

Survivor benefits are extended to eligible beneficiaries of members whose death occurs prior to or following retirement.

NOTE 15 PENSION PLAN – ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

C. Contributions

Chapter 32 of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the plan. Employers are required to pay an actuarially determined annual appropriation. The total appropriation includes the amounts to pay the pension portion of each member's retirement allowance, an amount to amortize the actuarially determined unfunded liability to zero in accordance with the plan's funding schedule, and additional appropriations in accordance with adopted early retirement incentive programs. The pension fund appropriations are allocated amongst employers based on covered payroll. Active member employees contribute between 5% and 11% of their gross regular compensation. The percentage rate is keyed to the date upon which an employee's membership commences. Members hired on or after January 1, 1979, contribute an additional 2% of annual regular compensation in excess of \$30,000. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$1,212,195 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the Town reported a liability of \$11,348,023 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024. The Town proportion of the net pension liability is a blended rate of the proportionate share of active employer's covered payroll and direct charges for early retirement incentives.

At June 30, 2024, the Town's proportion was 2.558%, which compared to a proportion of 2.768% at June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,060,525. At June 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	eferred	Deferred		
Out	flows of	Inflows of		
Re:	Resources		Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience \$	210,001	\$	(135,889)	
Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Investments	628,428		-	
Changes of Assumptions	311,517		-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share				
of Contributions	127,538		(790,017)	
Total \$	1,277,484	\$	(925,906)	

NOTE 15 PENSION PLAN – ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The net amount reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Amount		
2025	\$ \$ 34,277		
2026	170,811		
2027	386,168		
2028	(239,678)		
Total	\$ 351,578		

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Salary Increases	Based on years of service, ranging from 7.50% at zero years of service, decreasing to 3.75% after five years of service.
Mortality Rates:	
Pre-Retirement	The RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table projected generationally with scale MP-2021.
Healthy Retiree	The RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected generationally with scale MP-2021.
Disabled Retiree	The RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set forward one year projected generationally with scale MP-2021.
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 15 PENSION PLAN – ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	24.10 %	6.90 %
Private Equity	17.10	10.20
Core Fixed Income	13.60	4.90
International Developed Markets Equity	10.80	6.60
Real Estate	10.30	6.60
Hedge Fund, PCS	9.20	6.40
High-yield fixed income	7.30	4.20
International Emerging Markets Equity	4.40	9.20
Timberland	3.20	7.10
Total	100.00 %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Town's Proportionate Share of the			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,711,403	\$ 11,348,023	\$ 8,526,020

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERRS financial report that can be obtained online at https://www.essexregional.com/home/pages/annual-audits.

NOTE 16 CHANGES TO OR WITHIN THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Change in Fund Presentation from Nonmajor to Major

The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, during fiscal year 2024. As a result, Town Hall Renovation Fund previously did not meet the criteria to be reported as a major governmental fund. However, effective July 1, 2023, the fund now met the criteria to be reported as a major fund and is reported as a major governmental fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The effect of that change to or within the financial reporting entity is shown in the table below.

	As Previously Reporting As A				ne 30, 2024 Adjusted or Restated	
		Reported		Entity		Restated
Governmental Funds:						
Major Funds:						
Town Hall Renovation	\$	-	\$	(328,363)	\$	(328,363)
Nonmajor Funds		2,919,040		328,363		3,247,403
Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,919,040	\$	-	\$	2,919,040

Change in Accounting Estimate

In fiscal year 2024, the Town changed the estimate for allocation of the Net OPEB Liability and related deferrals between Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities. This change in estimate impacts both Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities Net OPEB Liability, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and OPEB expense.

NOTE 17 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Town has entered into, or is planning to enter into, contracts totaling approximately \$100,000 for water line projects.

Various legal actions and claims are pending against the Town. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual litigated matters is not always predictable. Although the amount of liability, if any, at June 30, 2024, cannot be ascertained, management believes any resulting liability should not materially affect the financial position of the Town at June 30, 2024.

The Town participates in a number of federal award programs. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

KEVENUES \$ 33.658.645 \$ \$ 33.658.645 Mori Vehicle and Ditrer Excise Taxes 1.189.817 1.189.817 1.189.817 Meals Tax 5 33.058.645 \$ \$ 33.000 Tax Liens - - - - - Paymetis In Lieu of Taxes - - - - - Intergovernmental - 1.467.403 - 1.467.403 - 1.467.403 Pranatises and Interest on Taxes - 71.000 </th <th></th> <th>Prior Year Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations</th> <th>Original Budget</th> <th>Supplemental Appropriations and Transfers</th> <th>Final Budget</th>		Prior Year Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations	Original Budget	Supplemental Appropriations and Transfers	Final Budget
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes - 1,189,817 - 1,189,817 Meals Tax - 58,000 - 58,000 Tax Liens - 33,000 - 33,000 Charges for Services - - - - Intergovernmental - 1,467,403 - 1,467,403 Penalties and Interest on Taxes - 71,000 - 71,000 Fines and Permits - 399,600 - 399,600 Departmental and Other - 220,300 - 220,300 Departmental order - 77,000 - 77,000 Total Revenues - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 EXPENDITURES - 32,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773	REVENUES	^	A 00.050.045	•	* ••• ••• •••
Meals Tax - 58,000 - 58,000 Tax Liens - 33,000 - 33,000 Charges for Services - - - - Intergovermmental - 1,467,403 - 1,467,403 Penalties and Permits - 399,600 - 399,600 Licenses and Permits - 399,600 - 399,600 Licenses and Permits - 220,300 - 220,300 Investment Income - 177,000 177,000 177,000 Total Revenues - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 EXPENDITIVES - - 2,447,159 - 2,521,108 Current: General Government 48,949 2,472,159 - 2,521,008 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,883,734 - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$ -</td><td>. , ,</td><td>÷ ۶</td><td>, , ,</td></td<>		\$ -	. , ,	÷ ۶	, , ,
Tat Liens -		-	, ,	-	, ,
Payments in Lieu of Taxes - 33,000 - 33,000 Charges for Services -		-	58,000	-	58,000
Charges for Services -		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - 14.67,403 - 14.67,403 Penalties and Interest on Taxes - 71,000 - 71,000 Licenses and Permitis - 399,600 - 399,600 Fines and Forfeitures - 5,000 - 5,000 Departmental and Other - 220,300 - 220,300 Investment Income - 177,000 - 177,000 Current: - - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 Current: - - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,776,672 Education 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 366,324 Cutture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,592,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits - 312,065 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>33,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>33,000</td>		-	33,000	-	33,000
Penaities and Interest on Taxes - 71,000 - 71,000 Licenses and Permits - 399,600 - 399,600 Fines and Forfeitures - 5,000 - 220,300 Departmental and Other - 220,300 - 220,300 Investment Income - 177,000 - 177,000 Total Revenues - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 EXPENDITURES - 37,279,765 - 2,521,108 Current: - - 23,404,773 - 2,521,108 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 Heatti and Huma Services 73 355,592 - 36,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits 4,492 1,242,233 - 1,232,873 - 1,224,233 Employee Benefits		-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits - 399,600 - 399,600 Fines and Forfeitures - 5,000 - 5,000 Departmental and Other - 220,300 - 220,300 Investment income - 177,000 - 177,000 Total Revenues - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 Expenditures - 34,04,773 - 2,521,108 General Government 48,949 2,472,159 - 2,521,108 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Safety 7,322 385,592 - 366,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,682,477 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 366,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,682,477 Health and Human Services - 1,232,673 - 1,232,6		-	, ,	-	
Fines and Forfeitures - 5,000 - 5,000 Departmental and Other - 220,300 - 220,300 Investment Income - 177,000 - 177,000 Total Revenues - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 EXPENDITURES - - 37,279,765 - 2,521,108 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Safety 7,22 385,592 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 3,68,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits - 21,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - - 242,937 - 251,249 Principal - 495,000 - 495		-	,	-	,
Departmental and Other - 220,300 - 220,300 Investment Income - 177,000 - 177,000 Total Revenues - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 EXPENDITURES - - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 Current: General Government 48,949 2,472,159 - 2,521,108 Public Safety - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,411 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 366,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Berefits - 1,242,233 - 1,242,237 Property and Liability Insurance - 21,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560		-	,	-	,
Investment Income Total Revenues - 177,000 37,279,765 - 177,000 37,279,765 EXPENDITURES - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 Current: General Government 48,949 2,472,159 - 2,521,108 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,411 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 386,592 - 366,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,460,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits - 1,232,673 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - - 242,937 - 242,937<		-	,	-	,
Total Revenues - 37,279,765 - 37,279,765 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 48,949 2,472,159 - 2,521,108 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 365,592 - 366,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,471 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 242,937 - 242,937 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 -		-	,	-	,
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 48,949 2,472,159 - 2,521,108 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 386,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilto Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 242,937 - 242,937 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures					
Current: General Government 48,949 2,472,159 - 2,521,108 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 386,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,682,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 -	Total Revenues	-	37,279,765	-	37,279,765
General Government 48,949 2,472,159 - 2,521,108 Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 386,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 221,249 - 221,249 Debt Service: - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES				
Public Safety 7,862 4,778,672 - 4,778,672 Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 386,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 242,937 - 242,937 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures (776,560) (2,057,503	Current:				
Education - 23,404,773 - 23,404,773 Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 386,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,232,873 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 242,937 Debt Service: - 242,937 - 242,937 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,05	General Government	48,949	2,472,159	-	2,521,108
Public Works 491,332 2,992,441 - 3,483,773 Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 386,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 242,937 - 242,937 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - (57,541) (2,000,000) (2,957,55	Public Safety	7,862	4,778,672	-	4,778,672
Health and Human Services 732 385,592 - 386,324 Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 495,000 - 495,000 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Sout - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2	Education	-	23,404,773	-	23,404,773
Culture and Recreation 223,193 1,469,284 - 1,692,477 Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,873 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - - 242,937 - 242,937 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 - Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers S Out - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,057,541) (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (952,797) <tr< td=""><td>Public Works</td><td>491,332</td><td>2,992,441</td><td>-</td><td>3,483,773</td></tr<>	Public Works	491,332	2,992,441	-	3,483,773
Hamilton Development Corporation - 58,000 - 58,000 Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 242,937 - 242,937 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,04,744 - 1,04,744 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,057,541) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3	Health and Human Services	732	385,592	-	386,324
Pension Benefits - 1,232,873 - 1,232,873 Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,045 Property and Liability Insurance - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	Culture and Recreation	223,193	1,469,284	-	1,692,477
Employee Benefits 4,492 1,242,223 - 1,242,223 Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 495,000 - 495,000 Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (3,774,506) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	Hamilton Development Corporation	-	58,000	-	58,000
Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 495,000 - 495,000 Principal - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,957,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (3,774,506) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	Pension Benefits	-	1,232,873	-	1,232,873
Property and Liability Insurance - 312,065 - 312,065 State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 495,000 - 495,000 Principal - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,957,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (3,774,506) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	Employee Benefits	4,492	1,242,223	-	1,242,223
State and County Charges - 251,249 - 251,249 Debt Service: - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (776,560) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - (57,541) (2,000,000) (2,057,541) (2,000,000) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545		· -	312,065	-	312,065
Principal - 495,000 - 495,000 Interest - 242,937 - 242,937 Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out (57,541) (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545		-		-	251,249
Interest Total Expenditures - 242,937 39,337,268 - 242,937 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,057,541) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	Debt Service:				
Interest Total Expenditures - 242,937 39,337,268 - 242,937 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	Principal	-	495.000	-	495.000
Total Expenditures 776,560 39,337,268 - 40,101,474 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	•	-	,	-	,
OVER EXPENDITURES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - (57,541) (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545		776,560		-	
OVER EXPENDITURES (776,560) (2,057,503) - (2,821,709) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - (57,541) (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - (57,541) (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545		(776,560)	(2,057,503)	-	(2,821,709)
Transfers In - 1,104,744 - 1,104,744 Transfers Out - (57,541) (2,000,000) (2,057,541) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (57,541) 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (2,000,000) (2,057,541) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545		-	1,104,744	-	1,104,744
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,047,203 (2,000,000) (952,797) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (776,560) (1,010,300) (2,000,000) (3,774,506) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545	Transfers Out	-	, ,	(2.000.000)	, ,
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545 8,843,545		-			
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(776,560)	(1,010,300)	(2,000,000)	(3,774,506)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR <u>\$ 8.066.985</u> <u>\$ 7.833.245</u> <u>\$ 6.843.545</u> <u>\$ 5.069.039</u>	Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	8,843,545	8,843,545	8,843,545	8,843,545
	FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,066,985	<u>\$ 7,833,245</u>	\$ 6,843,545	\$ 5,069,039

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	Actual	Current Year Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations	Actual and Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations	Variance Positive/ (Negative)
\$	33,527,146	\$-	\$ 33,527,146	\$ (131,499)
Ψ	1,346,955	Ψ -	1,346,955	157,138
	78,702	-	78,702	20,702
	43,137	-	43,137	43,137
	71,972	-	71,972	38,972
	94,709	-	94,709	94,709
	1,766,966	-	1,766,966	299,563
	93,762	-	93,762	22,762
	481,108	-	481,108	81,508
	4,870	-	4,870	(130)
	237,124	-	237,124	16,824
	632,955	-	632,955	455,955
	38,379,406	-	38,379,406	1,099,641
	2,278,369	58,000	2,336,369	184,739
	3,841,120	764,225	4,605,345	173,327
	23,404,773	-	23,404,773	-
	3,132,652	264,546	3,397,198	86,575
	355,699	-	355,699	30,625
	1,252,367	434,399	1,686,766	5,711
	58,000	-	58,000	-
	1,212,195	-	1,212,195	20,678
	1,160,927	1,425	1,162,352	79,871
	285,990	-	285,990	26,075
	251,182	-	251,182	67
	495,000	-	495,000	-
	83,318	-	83,318	159,619
	37,811,592	1,522,595	39,334,187	767,287
	567,814	(1,522,595)	(954,781)	1,866,928
	1,104,744	-	1,104,744	-
	(2,057,541)		(2,057,541)	
	(952,797)		(952,797)	
	(384,983)	(1,522,595)	(1,907,578)	1,866,928
	8,843,545		8,843,545	
\$	8,458,562	\$ (1,522,595)	\$ 6,935,967	\$ 1,866,928

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – COMMUNITY PRESERVATION FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	Р	rior Year							
	End	cumbrances			Su	pplemental			
	and	l Continuing			Ар	propriations			
	Ар	propriations	Ori	ginal Budget	an	d Transfers	Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Community Preservation Surcharges	\$	-	\$	586,313	\$	-	\$	586,313	
Intergovernmental		-		117,263		-		117,263	
Investment Income						-			
Total Revenues		-		703,576		-		703,576	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Administrative		-		29,316		-		29,316	
Projects, Acquisitions, and Other		152,904		800,000		-		952,904	
Debt Service:									
Principal		-		85,000		-		85,000	
Interest		-		20,500		-		20,500	
Total Expenditures		152,904		934,816		-		1,087,720	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		(152,904)		(231,240)		-		(384,144)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers Out		-		-		(500,000)		(500,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		(500,000)		(500,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(152,904)		(231,240)		(500,000)		(884,144)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,012,376		2,012,376		2,012,376		2,012,376	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,859,472	\$	1,781,136	\$	1,512,376	\$	1,128,232	

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – COMMUNITY PRESERVATION FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

 Actual	Current Year Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations	Enci and	ctual and umbrances Continuing ropriations	F	′ariance ?ositive/ legative)
\$ 579,965	\$-	\$	579,965	\$	(6,348)
117,032 94,624	-		117,032 94,624		(231) 94,624
 791,621			791,621		88,045
7,623	-		7,623		21,693
3,510	800,000		803,510		149,394
85,000	-		85,000		-
20,500			20,500		-
 116,633	800,000		916,633		171,087
674,988	(800,000)		(125,012)		259,132
(500,000)	-		(500,000)		-
(500,000)			(500,000)		-
174,988	(800,000)		(625,012)		259,132
 2,012,376			2,012,376		-
\$ 2,187,364	\$ (800,000)	\$	1,387,364	\$	259,132

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	2.558%	2.768%	2.807%	2.727%	2.749%	2.758%	2.535 %	2.741 %	2.628 %	2.746 %
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 11.348.023</u>	<u>\$ 12.842.113 </u> \$	9.745.523	\$ 10.823.445	\$ 11.582.591	<u>\$ 11.651.319</u>	\$ 9.538.820	\$ 10.559.951	\$ 9.546.806	\$ 9.315.055
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,362,770	\$ 4,432,595 \$	4,180,611	\$ 4,056,484	\$ 3,909,649	\$ 3,761,561	\$ 3,613,506	\$ 3,526,675	\$ 3,470,734	\$ 3,333,273
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	260.11%	289.72%	233.11%	266.82%	296.26%	309.75%	263.98 %	299.43 %	275.07 %	279.46 %
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	61.13 %	57.57 %	67.01 %	59.73 %	55.46 %	51.89 %	55.40 %	51.12 %	51.01 %	52.27 %

Note:

Amounts presented were determined as of December 31, of each fiscal year, respectively.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS ESSEX REGIONAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

		2024	 2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Actuarially Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	1,212,195	\$ 1,231,493	\$	1,163,009	\$	1,052,821	\$	987,370	\$	921,648	\$	789,304	\$	794,132	\$	721,863	\$	704,356
Required Contribution		(1,212,195)	 (1,231,493)		(1,163,009)		(1,052,821)		(987,370)		(921,648)		(789,304)		(794,132)		(721,863)		(704,356)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$ -	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Town's Covered Payroll	\$ \$	4,361,770	\$ 4,432,595	\$ \$	4,180,611	\$ \$	4,056,484	\$ \$	3,909,649	\$ \$	3,761,561	\$ \$	3,613,506	\$ \$	3,526,675	\$ \$	3,470,734	\$ \$	3,333,273

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS* (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	2024		2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018		 2017
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest on Unfunded Liability Change in Assumptions	\$ 132, 361, (488,	14	\$ 129,005 351,071 -	\$ 108,782 327,027 1,241,842	\$ 232,207 252,085 (2,756,271)	\$ 232,207 243,109 -	\$ 224,658 256,109 (336,109)	\$	284,193 238,471 314,827	\$ 232,636 232,202 -
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience Benefits Payments	41, ⁻ (253,:	92)	- (234,840)	 (674,250) (216,637)	 - (208,167)	 - (208,167)	 (1,250,224) (199,203)		- (180,976)	 556,505 (354,621)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(205,	09)	245,236	786,764	(2,480,146)	267,149	(1,304,769)		656,515	666,722
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	5,925,4	04	5,680,168	 4,893,404	 7,373,550	 7,106,401	8,411,170		7,754,655	 7,087,933
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	5,719,4	95	5,925,404	5,680,168	4,893,404	7,373,550	7,106,401		8,411,170	7,754,655
Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Net Investment Income Benefits Payments	378, 150, (253,	34	359,840 88,456 (234,840)	341,637 (162,570) (216,637)	 1,179,367 51,186 (208,167)	 208,167 - (208,167)	199,203 - (199,203)		180,976 - (180,976)	354,621 - (354,621)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	275,	34	213,456	 (37,570)	 1,022,386	-	 -		-	 -
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,198,	72	984,816	 1,022,386	 -	 -	 -		-	 -
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	1,473,4	06	1,198,272	984,816	 1,022,386	 -	 -		-	
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,246,	89	\$ 4,727,132	\$ 4,695,352	\$ 3,871,018	\$ 7,373,550	\$ 7,106,401	\$	8,411,170	\$ 7,754,655
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 6,374,	86	\$ 5,292,480	\$ 5,138,330	\$ 5,548,620	\$ 5,230,107	\$ 5,230,107	\$	4,938,721	\$ 4,794,875
Net OPEB liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	66.0	61%	89.32%	91.38%	69.77%	140.98%	135.87%		170.31%	161.73%

* This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS* (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	 2024	 2023	-	2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018	 2017
Actuarially Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 360,859	\$ 363,427	\$	341,628	\$ 437,277	\$ 613,310	\$ 659,391	\$ 668,306	\$ 628,305
Required Contribution	 (378,292)	(359,840)		(341,637)	 (1,179,367)	 (208,167)	(199,203)	 (180,976)	 (354,621)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (17,433)	\$ 3,587	\$	(9)	\$ (742,090)	\$ 405,143	\$ 460,188	\$ 487,330	\$ 273,684
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,374,786	\$ 5,292,480	\$	5,138,330	\$ 5,548,620	\$ 5,230,107	\$ 5,230,107	\$ 4,938,721	\$ 4,794,875
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	5.93%	6.80%		6.65%	21.26%	3.98%	3.81%	3.66%	7.40%

* This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS* (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return,				
Net of Investment Expense	11.44%	8.05%	-14.29%	36.09%

* This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2024 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY – GAAP RECONCILIATION

For budgetary financial reporting purposes, the Uniform Massachusetts Accounting System basis of accounting (established by the Commonwealth) is followed, which differs from the GAAP basis of accounting. A reconciliation of budgetary-basis to GAAP-basis results for the general fund and community preservation fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, is presented below:

General Fund

	 Revenues	E	xpenditures	(OFS/ OFU), Net	 Fund Balance
Budgetary Basis as Reported on the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	\$ 38,379,406	\$	39,334,187	\$	(952,797)	\$ 6,935,967
Adjustments and Reclassifications: Activity of Stabilization Fund Recorded in the General Fund for GAAP Purposes	127,641		7,628		57,541	2,181,334
Activity of Recreation Stabilization Fund Recorded in the General Fund for GAAP Purposes	35,007		-		-	648,515
Activity of Capital Stabilization Fund Recorded in the General Fund for GAAP Purposes	74,049		5,935		(645,431)	948,982
Net Change in Recording 60-Day Receipts	14,648		-		-	76,633
Net Change in Recording Leases	16,644		26,178		26,178	53,588
To Record Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations	 		(1,522,595)			 1,522,595
GAAP Basis as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 38,647,395	\$	37,851,333	\$	(1,514,509)	\$ 12,367,614

TOWN OF HAMILTON, MASSACHUSETTS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2024 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY – GAAP RECONCILIATION (CONTINUED)

Community Preservation Fund

	R	evenues	Ex	penditures	(0	OFS/ OFU), Net	Fund Balance
Budgetary Basis as Reported on the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund				<u> </u>			
Balance - Budget and Actual	\$	791,621	\$	916,633	\$	(500,000)	\$ 1,387,364
To Record Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations				(800,000)			 800,000
GAAP Basis as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$	791.621	\$	116.633	\$	(500.000)	\$ 2,187,364

NOTE 2 METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB

The following methods and assumptions from the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation were used to determine the most recent actuarially determined contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years from July 1, 2024
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Healthcare and Medical Cost Trend Rate	5.00%



CLA (CliftonLarsonAllen LLP) is a network member of CLA Global. See CLAglobal.com/disclaimer. Investment advisory services are offered through CliftonLarsonAllen Wealth Advisors, LLC, an SEC-registered investment advisor.